# Valenz

# Trade name: Methanol

Current version : 3.0.1, issued: 28.02.2024

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Region: GB

# SECTION 1: Title and scope of exposure scenario (ES)

# 1.1 Title exposure scenario (ES)

ES9 Use as a fuel - use in professional settings

### 1.2 Scope of exposure scenario (ES)

ES Type Life cycle stage Worker Exposure Scenario for substance/mixture Professional end use

#### Product identifier

Trade name	Methanol
Substance name REACH registration no. CAS no. EC no.	methanol 01-2119433307-44 67-56-1 200-659-6

# Use descriptors

Sector of use (SU)		
Category	Code	Use description
Main user group	SU22	Professional uses
Environmental release ca	tegory (ERC)	
Category	Code	Use description
Environmental release category (ERC)	ERC8b	Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems
	ERC8e	Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems
Process category (PROC)		
Category	Code	Use description
Process category (PROC)	PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
	PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure
	PROC3	Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities
	PROC8b	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities
	PROC16	Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to unburned product to be expected
	PROC19	Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

# SECTION 2: Operational conditions (OC) and risk management measures (RMM) controlling exposure towards environment and men

### 2.1 Product characteristics

State of aggregation	
liquid	
Reference temperature	25 °C
Dustiness	
Not applicable	
Vapour pressure	
Value	169.27 hPa
Reference temperature	25 °C

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### Other information

The efficiency of a risk management measure is a theoretical value. The efficiency describes to which extend (in percent) the calculated exposure can be diminished by applying a certain measure. If the described operational conditions and risk management measures are fulfilled by a downstream user, the efficiency as highlighted in the ES can be applied. A downstream user might check whether the efficiency of the LEV or general ventilation corresponds to his site.

For further instructions related to "Personal protective equipment" please refer to section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure

Affected environmental re	lease category (ERC)	
Category	Code	Use description
Environmental release category (ERC)	ERC8b	Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems
	ERC8e	Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

#### Risk management measures (RMM) controlling environmental exposure

**Technical measures and efficiency of the risk managment measures (in exposure calculation model)** No special measures are required.

#### Organisational measures

No special measures are required.

# Measures related to wastewater treatment and efficiency of the risk managment measures (in exposure calculation model)

No special measures are required.

# Measures related to waste treatment

For further instructions related to waste management please refer to section 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Further measures

ERC8b, ERC8e No special measures are required.

# 2.3 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure

Affected process categor	Affected process category (PROC)				
Category	Code	Use description			
Process category (PROC)	PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure			
	PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure			
	PROC3	Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)			
	PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities			
	PROC8b	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities			
	PROC16	Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to unburned product to be expected			
	PROC19	Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available			

#### Operational conditions controlling worker exposure

# Concentration of substance

ooncentration of Substance			
	PROC1	PROC2	PROC3
Value	≤ 100 %	≤ 100 %	≤ 100 %
	PROC8a	PROC8b	PROC16
Value	≤ 5 %	≤ 5 %	≤ 100 %
	PROC19		
Value	≤ 10 %		

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Amounts used									
	PRC	DC1		PR	DC2		PR	DC3	
	Not	relevant		Not	relevant		Not	relevant	
	PRO	DC8a		PR	DC8b		PR	DC16	
	Not	relevant		Not	relevant		Not	relevant	
	PRO	DC19							
	Not	relevant							
Use conditions									
	PRO	DC1		PR	DC2		PR	DC3	
Location of use	Indo	or use		Indo	or use		Indo	oor use	
Duration of use	S	8	hours/day	VI	8	hours/day	< <	8	hours/day
Frequency of use	S	240	days/year	VI	240	days/year	< <	240	days/year
	PRO	DC8a		PR	DC8b		PRO	DC16	
Location of use	Indo	or use		Indo	or use		Out	door use	
Duration of use	S	8	hours/day	١٧	8	hours/day	< <	8	hours/day
Frequency of use	S	240	days/year	١٧	240	days/year	< <	240	days/year
	PRO	DC19							
Location of use	Indo	or use							
Duration of use	</td <td>4</td> <td>hours/day</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	4	hours/day						
Frequency of use	≤	240	days/year						

Risk management measures (RMM) controlling worker exposure

Technical measures and efficiency of the risk managment measures (in exposure calculation model)				
PROC1	Measures	No special measures are required.		
PROC2	Measures	Handle only at a place with local exhaust		
		system (or another appropriate exhaust).		
	Efficiency (%)	80		
PROC3	Measures	Handle only at a place with local exhaust		
		system (or another appropriate exhaust).		
	Efficiency (%)	80		
PROC8a	Measures	No special measures are required.		
PROC8b	Measures	No special measures are required.		
PROC16	Measures	Provide a good standard of generell ventilation		
		(1 to 3 air changes per hour).		
	Efficiency (%)	30		
PROC19	Measures	No special measures are required.		

# Organisational measures

No special measures are required.

# Personal protective equipment and efficiency of the risk managment measures (in exposure calculation model)

Hand protection		
PROC1	Measures	No special measures are required.
PROC2	Measures	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Efficiency (%)	80
PROC3	Measures	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Efficiency (%)	80
PROC8a	Measures	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Efficiency (%)	80
PROC8b	Measures	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Efficiency (%)	80
PROC16	Measures	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Efficiency (%)	80
PROC19	Measures	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Efficiency (%)	80

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## SECTION 3: Exposure estimation and reference to sources

### 3.1 Advice

The Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) is the quotient of predicted human/environmental exposure and the related DNEL/PNEC. Exposure is calculated based on exposure models as stated below. If RCR ≤ 1 a use is considered as safe under operational conditions and risk management measures as specified in the exposure szenario.

For DNEL/PNEC values please refer to section 8 of the safety data sheet.

#### 3.2 Exposure estimation - Environment

Affected environmental re	elease category (ERC)	
Category	Code	Use description
Environmental release category (ERC)	ERC8b	Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems
	ERC8e	Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

 Used exposure estimation model for calculation of environmental exposure

 Used exposure estimation model
 As no environmental hazard was identified no environmental-related exposure assessment and risk characterization was performed.

# 3.3 Exposure estimation - Worker

Affected process category	y (PROC)	
Category	Code	Use description
Process category (PROC)	PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
	PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled
		exposure
	PROC3	Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging)
		from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities
	PROC8b	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging)
		from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities
	PROC16	Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to unburned
		product to be expected
	PROC19	Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

Used exposure estimation model for calculation of worker exposure Used exposure estimation model EasyTRA Version 3.0

Link to exposure estimation tool EASY TRA: http://www.easytra.de

Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)					
	Exposure estimation	inhalative	dermal	total	
PROC1	Long-term systemic	0.000	0.001	0.001	
	Short-term systemic	0.002	0.001	0.003	
PROC2	Long-term systemic	0.051	0.007	0.058	
	Short-term systemic	0.205	0.007	0.212	
PROC3	Long-term systemic	0.103	0.003	0.106	
	Short-term systemic	0.411	0.003	0.414	
PROC8a	Long-term systemic	0.128	0.003	0.131	
	Short-term systemic	0.257	0.003	0.260	
PROC8b	Long-term systemic	0.064	0.003	0.067	
	Short-term systemic	0.128	0.003	0.131	
PROC16	Long-term systemic	0.256	0.002	0.258	
	Short-term systemic	0.718	0.002	0.720	
PROC19	Long-term systemic	0.154	0.042	0.196	
	Short-term systemic	0.513	0.042	0.555	

SECTION 4: Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



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### 4.1 Recommendations and advice

#### **Recommendations and general advice**

- For additional instructions relating to adaptation of conditions of use in view of a scaling, pls. see the "ECHA Guidance for downstream users" http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/reach/downstream-users If a downstream user uses the substance/preparation differently than stated in the ES (different operational conditions and/or risk management measures), he has the possibility to vary certain parameters of the exposure assessment. With the help of easy calculations he can check whether he still operates under safe circumstances. This process is called Scaling.

#### Scaling advice

#### Type of ventilation

If the type of ventilation at the use site of a downstream user (DU) differs from the instructions in the ES, a linear correlation between the RCR (Inhalation) and the type of ventilation exists. Following scaling factors (f) apply: General ventilation (< 3 air changes per hour) =1; good general ventilation (3 to 5 air changes per hour, corresponds to outdoor use) = 0,7; enhanced general ventilation (> 5 air changes per hour) = 0,3.

RCR (DU) = f(DU) \* RCR (as stated in ES) / f (type of ventilation stated in ES)

In the same manner a scaling for the efficiency of the local extract ventilation (LEV) can by applied.

#### Duration of use

If the duration of the use by a worker at a downstream user (DU) site differs from the instructions in the ES, a linear correlation between the RCR (Inhalation) and the duration of use exist. Following scaling factors (f) apply: duration > 4 hours/day = 1; duration: 1-4 hours/day = 0,6; duration: 15 min/day - 1 hour/day = 0,2; duration < 15 min/day = 0,1. RCR (DU) = f(DU) \* RCR (as stated in ES) / f (duration in ES)

### Concentration of the substance in the product

If the downstream user (DU) uses the substance in a different concentration than the one stated in the ES, a linear correlation between the RCR (Inhalation)and the RCR (dermal) and the concentration exists. Following scaling factors (f) apply: Concentration >25% =1; concentration >= 5% = 0,6; concentration >= 1% = 0,2; concentration < 1% = 0,1. RCR (DU) = f(DU) \* RCR (as stated in ES) / f (concentration in ES).

#### 4.2 Exposure estimation - Environment

Used exposure estimation model for calculation of environmental exposure	
Used exposure estimation model	As no environmental hazard was identified no environmental-related exposure
	assessment and risk characterization was performed.

#### 4.3 Exposure estimation - Worker

Used exposure estimation model for calculation of worker exposure	
Used exposure estimation model	EasyTRA Version 3.0
Link to exposure estimation tool	EASY TRA: http://www.easytra.de